

Bouvet Island m

Where is Bouvet Island?

Bouvet Island (/ˈbuːveɪ /BOO-vay; Norwegian: Bouvetøya [buˈvøːə]) is an uninhabited island and dependency of Norway. It is a protected nature reserve. It is a subantarctic volcanic island, situated in the South Atlantic Ocean at the southern end of the Mid-Atlantic Ridge, and is the world's most remote island.

How did Bouvet Island get its name?

At that point, the island was given its current name of Bouvet Island ("Bouvetøya" in Norwegian). In 1930, following resolution of a dispute with the United Kingdom over claiming rights, it was declared a Norwegian dependency. In 1971, it was designated a nature reserve.

Who first landed on Bouvet Island?

The first landing on Bouvet Island, made by the Norvegia-ekspedisjon, occurred on Dec. 1, 1927, some 188 years after it was first sighted. Bouvet Island (Bouvetøya) is an uninhabited 19-square-mile sub-antarctic island. It's the world's most remote island, about 1,600 miles south of the coast of South Africa and 1,100 miles north of Antarctica.

Why is Bouvet Island a remote island?

This uninhabited volcanic island in Antarctica is almost entirely covered by glaciers, making it difficult to approach. Bouvet Island is recognized as the most remote island on Earth because it is furthest from any other point of land (1,639 km from Antarctica).

How big is Bouvet Island?

Landing is extremely difficult on the island. It has an area of 23 square miles (59 square km), rises to 3,068 feet (935 metres), and is uninhabited. Bouvet Island was discovered in 1739 by the French navigator Jean-Baptiste-Charles Bouvet de Lozier (1705-86), for whom it is named.

How far is Bouvet Island from Antarctica?

Bouvet Island is one of the most remote islands in the world. The closest land is Queen Maud Land of Antarctica, which is 1,700 km (1,100 mi) to the south, 58 and Gough Island, 1,845 km (1,146 mi) to the north.

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L'isola Bouvet si trova a una latitudine di 54°26' S e a una longitudine di 3°24' E. Occupa una superficie di 58,5 km², ed è quasi interamente coperta da ghiacciai. Non ha porti né approdi, solo ancoraggi al largo, ed è difficile da avvicinare. I ghiacciai formano uno spesso strato di ghiaccio che si getta con alte pareti nel mare o sulle spiagge nere di sabbia vulcanica.

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Bouvet Island as seen from space. Bouvet Island (Norwegian: Bouvetøya, also historically known as Liverpool Island or Lindsay Island) is an island in the southern part of the Atlantic Ocean is in the sub-antarctic areas, 2500 km (1500 miles) south-southwest of the Cape of Good Hope (South Africa). [1]It belongs to Norway and is not subject to the Antarctic Treaty (which says that land ...

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Wyspe Bouveta odkrył 1 stycznia 1739 francuski żeglarz i odkrywca Jean-Baptiste Charles Bouvet de Lozier, który dowodził francuskimi statkami Aigle i Marie.Jednak położenie wyspy nie zostało dokładnie ustalone, ponieważ Bouvet nie opłynął wyspy i pozostało niejasnym, czy była to na pewno wyspa, czy część kontynentu.

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Map of Bouvet Island. Olavtoppen, [1] [2] occasionally anglicised as Olav Peak, is the highest point of Bouvet Island, a volcanic island and dependency of Norway, and the remotest island on Earth.Olavtoppen is located north of the center of the island, immediately south of Kapp Valdivia, and rises 780 meters (2,560 ft) above sea level. [1] It was first ascended on 21 February 2012 ...

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Bouvet Island, islet in the South Atlantic Ocean. One of the world's most isolated islands, it lies about 1,500 miles (2,400 km) southwest of the Cape of Good Hope of southern Africa and ...

The island was rediscovered in the early 19th century. It was so far away from Bouvet's reported position, though, that those who saw it thought it was a completely different island. It took a while to reconcile Bouvet's report with the others. Today, the island is owned by Norway, which maintains it as a nature reserve.

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Explore the Island. Discover the breathtaking natural beauty of Bouvet Island, a true wilderness untouched by modern civilization. From rugged glaciers to pristine beaches, this remote outpost offers a unique and awe-inspiring adventure.

It's almost impossible for humans to visit Bouvet Island bar the occasional scientific expedition. Yet life exists here. Penguins and many species of Antarctic seabirds are among the species to call Bouvet home.

Dezember 1822 als Erstem die Landung auf der Insel Bouvet (Morrell nennt sie Bouvette's Island) gelungen. Seine Mannschaft habe zahlreiche Seehundfelle erbeutet. [13] Morrell ist jedoch ein wenig glaubwürdiger Berichterstatter, denn ...

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Bouvet Island is a volcanic island measuring approximately 5.9 by 4.3 miles and covering an area of about 19 square miles. It constitutes the top of a volcano situated on the south Mid-Atlantic Ridge.

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We are negotiating the vessel contract for a DX-pedition to Bouvet Island in the period November 2025 to February 2026. Exact dates TBD. The DX-pedition team will consist of up to 20+ operators with extensive experience in DX-pedition and contesting.

Bouvet Island is a remote, uninhabited island in the South Atlantic and is considered the most isolated island in the world. It is a dependent territory of Norway and covers an area of around 49 square kilometers. This land mass is just over 6 times the size of the island of Wangerooge. The total length of the coastline is 30 km.

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The island lies 1,700 km (1,100 mi) north of the Princess Astrid Coast of Queen Maud Land, Antarctica, 1,870 km (1,160 mi) east of the South Sandwich Islands, 1,845 km (1,146 mi) south of Gough Island, and 2,520 km (1,570 mi) south-southwest of the coast of South Africa. It has an area of 49 km² (19 sq mi), 93 percent of which is covered by a glacier. The centre of the island ...

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